#### HENNEPIN COUNTY

MINNESOTA





## Discrimination & Health - data from SHAPE 2018

Hennepin County Public Health Assessment Team, June 30, 2020



## SHAPE 2018 – survey content

#### **Overall health**

- General health, health related quality of life
- Chronic diseases and conditions
- Overweight and obesity
- Mental health
- Activity limitations and disabilities

#### Access to health care

- Health insurance coverage
- Usual places of care
- Unmet health and mental health care need
- Prevention care
- Dental care, prescription use

#### **Healthy lifestyles and behaviors**

- Diet, nutrition, beverage intake
- Physical activity and exercise
- Cigarettes, e-cig, other tobacco products
- Alcohol use

#### Social-environmental factors

- Community connectedness,
- Social support, Social isolation
- Neighborhood safety
- Race and gender identity discrimination
- Housing, food, transportation security
- Sexual orientation and gender identity
- Education, income, country of birth, race/ethnicity...

## SHAPE 2018 data on discrimination and respect

orn in = 2010 data on allocimination and respect		
Measure	Survey question	
Perceived discrimination	E11. How often are you in situations where you feel unaccepted because of your race, culture, religion, or immigration status?  At lease once a week  Once or twice a month  A few times a year  Once a year or less often  Never	
Perceived discrimination due to SOGI	E11. How often are you in situations where you feel unaccepted because of your sexual orientation or gender identity?  Once or twice a week A few times a year Once a year or less often Never	
Treat with respect by health care provider	B16. During the past 12 months, how often were you treated with respect by your health care providers?  Output  Output  Discrepance of the time  Nost of the time	

Some of the time None of the time

I did not see any healthcare provider

# Discrimination experience: who are being affected?



## Experienced discrimination due to race, culture, religion, or immigration status

Hennepin County adults age ≥18, SHAPE 2018 mail+

Q. . How often are you in situations where you feel unaccepted because of your race, culture, religion, or immigration status?





#### % experienced frequent discrimination

Hennepin County adults, 1998 to 2018



- Results from 2014 survey limited to adults age 25 and older
- ^ SHAPE 1998 discrimination data used Everyday Discrimination scale by David Williams.

Survey questions used in SHAPE 1998 was was not asked in this SHAPE iteration.

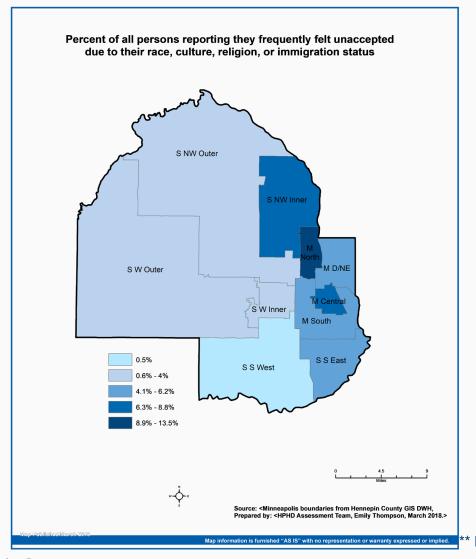
Note: Vertical line represents 95% confidence intervals.

Source: SHAPE 1998-2018, weighted data, available @ www.Hennepin.us/shape.



## % experienced frequent discrimination by geographic areas\* n\_County adults age ≥ 18, SHAPE 2018 mail+

#### **SHAPE 2018 Reporting Areas**



#### **Hennepin County 5.2%**

#### Minneapolis 7.3%\*\*

- N Camden, Near North
- E Central, Northeast, University, St. Anthony
- C Phillips, Powderhorn
- S Calhoun-Isles, Longfellow, Nokomis, Southwest

#### **Suburban Hennepin 4.0%**

NW1 Northwest suburbs - inner

NW2 Northwest suburbs - outer

W1 West suburbs - inner

W2 West suburbs - outer

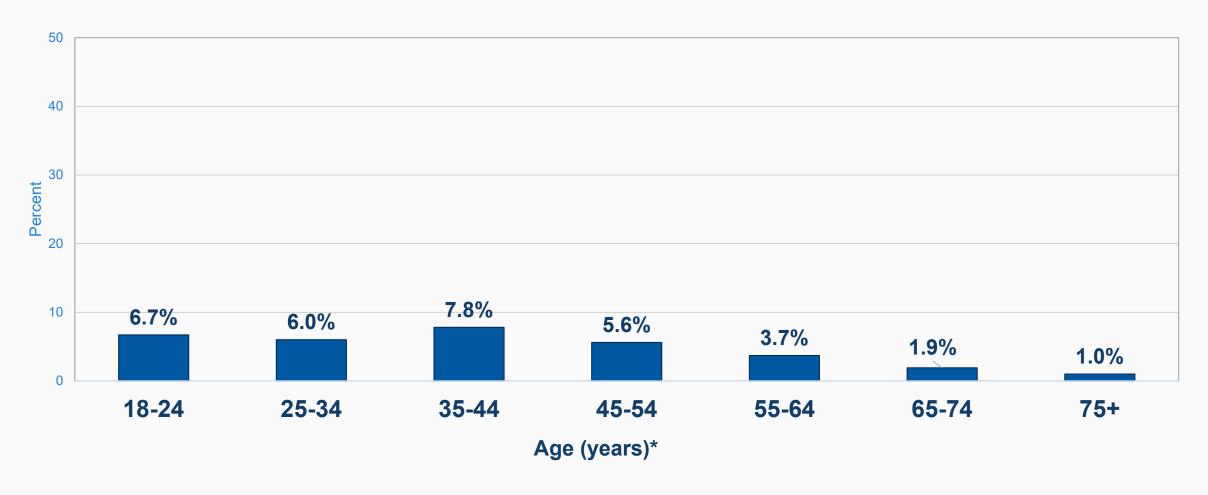
S1 South suburbs - east

S2 South suburbs - west

\* Difference in rates across geographic areas is statistically significant @ p<0.05 Difference in rates between Minneapolis and suburban is statistically significant @ p<0.05



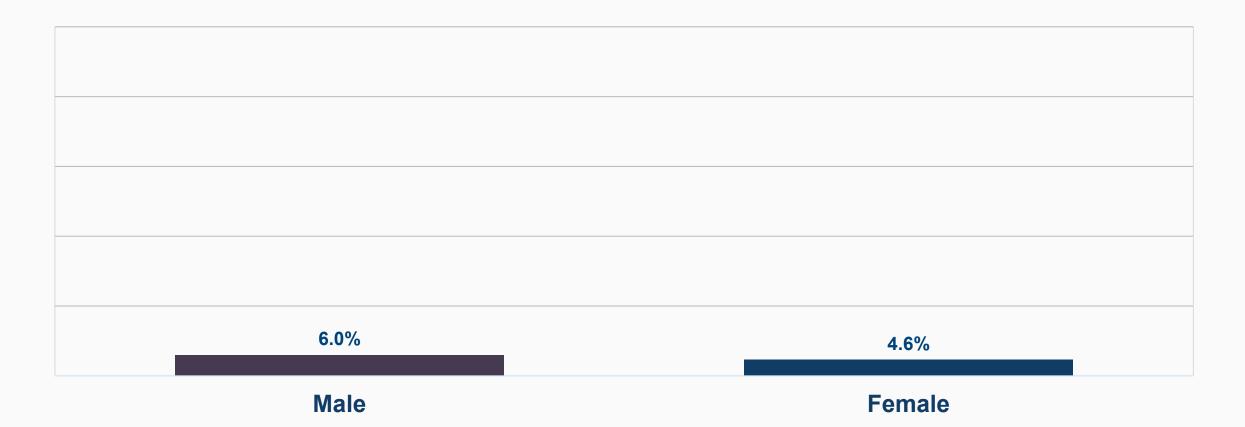
#### % experienced frequent discrimination by age\*





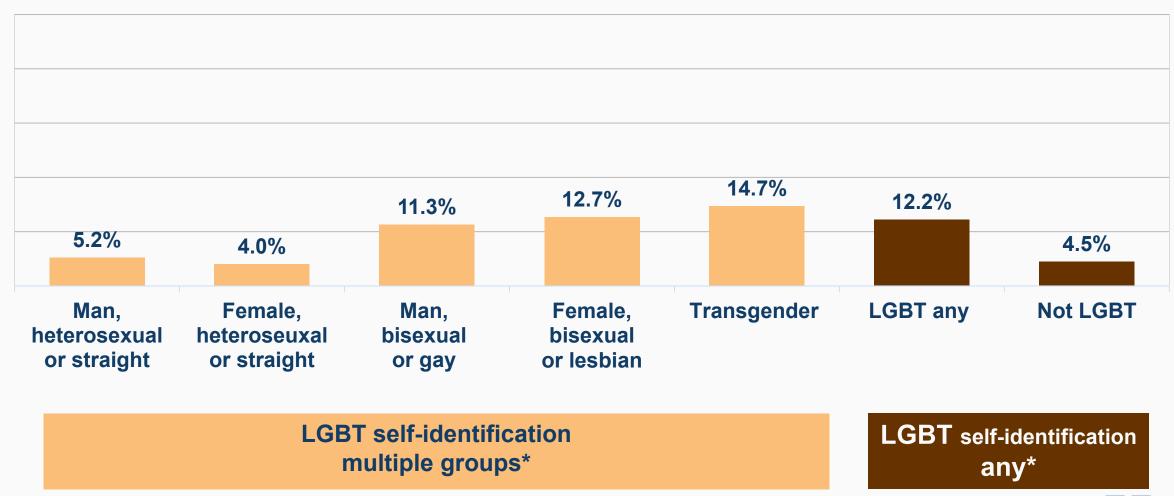
<sup>\*</sup> Difference in results across groups is statistically significant @ p<0.05.

#### % experienced frequent discrimination by gender





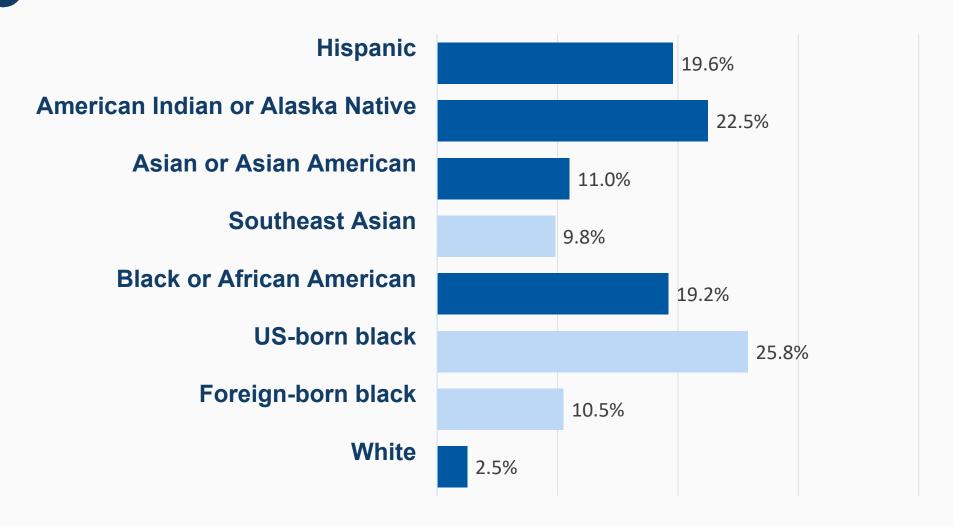
### % experienced frequent discrimination by LGBT self-identification



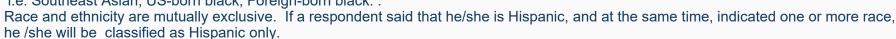




### % experienced frequent discrimination by race/ethnicity\*

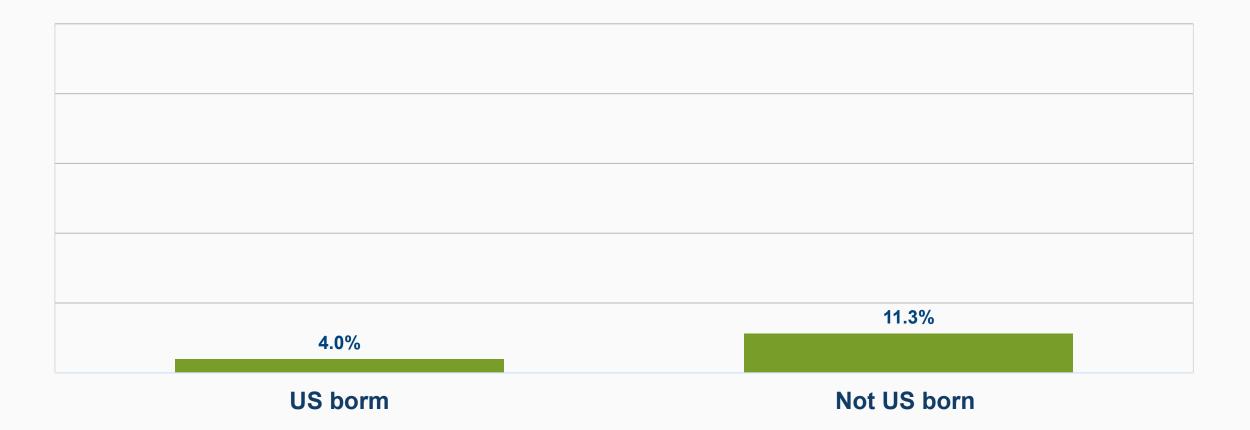


<sup>\*</sup> Difference in rates across major race and ethnicity categories is statistically significant @ p<0.05. The test doesn't include subgroups, i.e. Southeast Asian, US-born black, Foreign-born black.



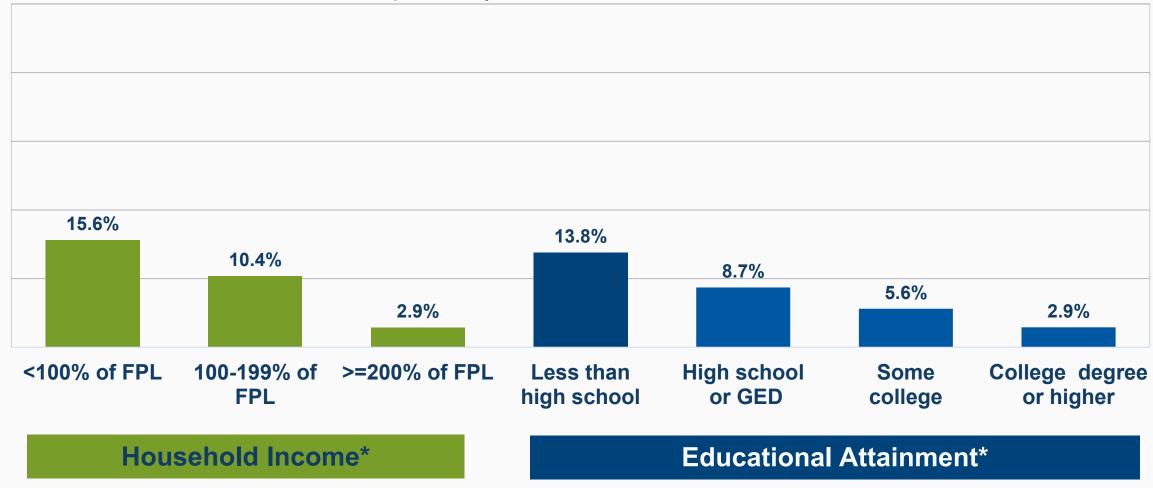


### % experienced frequent discrimination by US born\*





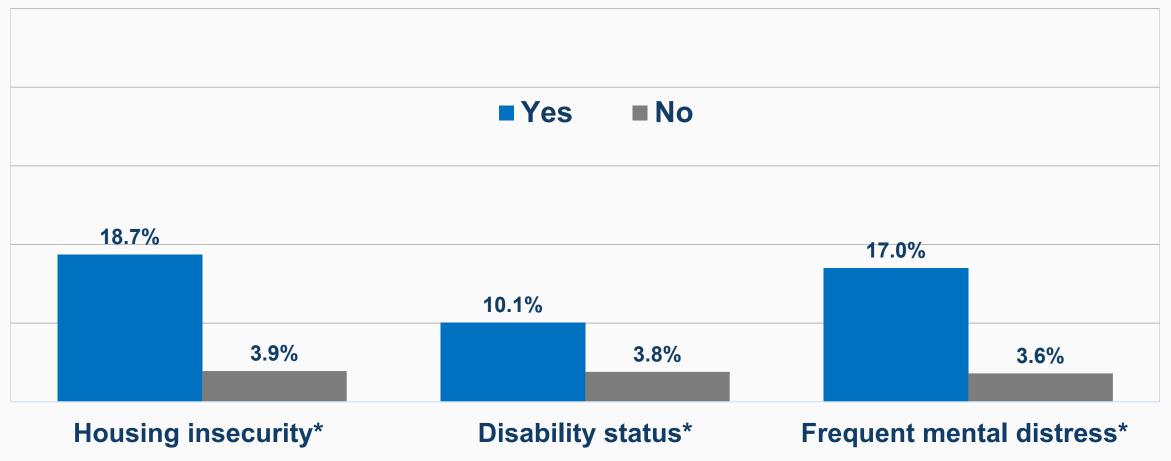
## % experienced frequent discrimination by income & education





<sup>\*</sup> Difference in rates across groups is statistically significant @ p<0.05 FPL: Federal poverty level

## % experienced frequent discrimination by housing, disability and mental health





<sup>\*</sup> Difference in rates across groups is statistically significant. @ p<0.05.

# Relationship between experienced frequent discrimination & health



#### Overall health, chronic diseases and conditions

Indicators	Experienced frequent discrimination	NOT experienced frequent discrimination
Poor or Fair health Self rated overall health	28.6%	9.8%*
Diabetes Ever being diagnosed	13.2%	6.9%*
Hypertension Ever being diagnosed	27.8%	20.6%*
Obese BMI>=30	38.8%	23.6%*

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Difference in rates between the two groups is statistically significant @ p<0.05

#### **Mental health**

Indicators	Experienced frequent discrimination	NOT experienced frequent discrimination
Frequent mental distress  Mental health was not good for ≥14 days during the past 30 days	40.1%	10.7%*
<b>High risk depression</b> Patient Health Questionaire-2(PHQ-2) scale is used to gather data that screens high risk depression. High risk depression has a scare>=3.	36.0%	7.7%*
Serious psychological distress (SPD)  SPD measures serious mental illness (SMI) in population. It is based on a scale ranging from 0-24, derived from 6 psychological distress questions.  SPD has a scale ≥ 13.	23.0%	3.8%*
Stress Feel stressed most of the time or all of the time	32.0%	8.0%*
<b>Isolation</b> Feel isolated from others <i>usually</i> or always	37.1%	7.8%*

<sup>\*</sup> Difference in rates between the two groups is statistically significant @ p<0.05

#### **Activity limitation and disability**

Indicator	Experienced frequent discrimination	NOT experienced frequent discrimination
Activity limitation Respondent is limited in any activities because of physical, mental or emotional problems	42.7%	20.8%*
Functional limitation Respondent needs help from another person with ADL (activity of daily living) or IADL (instrumental activity of daily living) because of impairment or health problems.	20.2%	7.1%*

<sup>\*</sup> Difference in rates between the two groups is statistically significant @ p<0.05

#### Health access and utilization

Indicator	Experienced frequent discrimination	NOT experienced frequent discrimination
Currently uninsured	10.6%	2.5%*
Having NO regular place of care (i.e. when sick or need medical care, USUALLY has no place to go or use ER, urgent care, minute clinic)	38.6%	24.5%*
Prescription insecurity due to cost  (i.e. skipped doses, took smaller amount or did not fill a prescription due to cost. among those who taking prescription medication on a regular basis)	29.1%	8.4%*
No dental care during the past year (i.e. did not visit a dentist or dental clinic for any reason during the past year )	43.5%	24.1%*
Not always treated with respect by health care provider i.e. during the past year, being treated with respect some of the time or none of the time, among those saw a healthcare provider)	16.6%	3.8%*

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Difference in rates between the two groups is statistically significant @ p<0.05

#### Unmet health care needs

Indicator	Experienced frequent discrimination	NOT experienced frequent discrimination
Needed medical care during the past 12 months	64.1%	60.0%
Experienced unmet medical care needs (Among those needed medical care in the past 12 months)	48.8%	23.5%*
Unmet medical care needs due to cost / coverage (Among those delayed or did not get needed medical care in the past 12 months)	64.0%	63.6%
Needed mental health care during the past 12 months	50.6%	27.4%*
Experienced unmet mental health care needs (Among those needed mental health care in the past 12 months)	68.1%	58.6%**
Unmet mental health care needs due to cost / coverage (Among those delayed or did not get needed mental health care in the past 12 months)	53.8%	44.3%

<sup>\*</sup> Difference in rates between the two groups is statistically significant @ p<0.05

<sup>\*\*</sup> Difference in rates between the two groups is marginally statistically significant @ ≤ 0.05 p <0.10.

#### Lifestyles and risk behaviors

Indicators	Experienced frequent discrimination	NOT experienced frequent discrimination
Having five a day i.e. >=5 servings of fruit, 100% fruit or vegetables a day	27.4%	37.8%*
Having one or more drink of sugar sweetened beverage daily	23.5%	12.7%*
Engaging in NO leisure time physical activity	32.4%	13.5%*
Currently smoking i.e. smoked cigarettes in past 30 days	20.4%	8.5%*
Other tobacco product use in past 12 months e.g. cigars, pipes, snuff, chewing tobacco, bidis, kreteks, snus, hookah water pipe,	17.5%	8.4%*
Ever used electronic cigarettes e.g. e-cig, e-hookahs, vaping pens	12.3%	5.6%*
Problem drinking i.e. either engaging in heavy drinking or binge drinking during the past month	40.8%	40.0%

<sup>\*</sup> Difference in rates between the two groups is statistically significant @ p<0.05

### **Community & neighborhood**

Indicators	Experienced frequent discrimination	NOT experienced frequent discrimination
No community involvement  (i.e. Never involved in school, community or neighborhood activities)	36.5%	21.1%*
Low social and emotional support  (i.e. Never or rarely get the social and emotional support needed)	25.8%	9.6%*
(Agree or strongly agree with the statement)  This is a good community to raise children	68.2%	91.9%*
In general, consider neighborhood to be very safe/somewhat safe from crime	70.5%	91.8%*

<sup>\*</sup> Difference in rates between the two groups is statistically significant @ p<0.05

#### **Economic distress and residential stability**

Indicators	Experienced frequent discrimination	NOT experienced frequent discrimination
Experienced food insecurity  (i.e. Worried that food would run out before had money to buy more sometimes or often during the past 12 months)	52.1%	10.4%*
Experienced transportation insecurity  (i.e. lack of transportation keep you from getting places where you needed to go, such as jobs, medical appointments or shopping often or sometimes during the past 12 months)	35.2%	6.1%*
Experienced housing insecurity  Miss or delay a rent or mortgage payment in past 12 months due to lack of money, and/or experience homelessness in past 12 months	32.5%	7.7%*
Below 200% Federal Poverty Level (Based on household income in 2017)	60.0%	23.2%*

<sup>\*</sup> Difference in rates between the two groups is statistically significant @ p<0.05

<sup>\*\*</sup> Difference in rates between the two groups is marginally statistically significant @ 0.05≤ p <0.10

#### **Economic distress and residential stability**

Indicators	Experienced frequent discrimination	NOT experienced frequent discrimination
Frequently feel being discriminated due to sexual orientation or gender identity  (Q. How often do are you In a situation where you feel you are not accepted because of Once or twice a month or more often)	22.5%	1.7%*

<sup>\*</sup> Difference in rates between the two groups is statistically significant @ p<0.05

## SHAPE 2018 www.Hennepin.us/SHAPE





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